

CUSP – CUSP Library



CUSP is:

- An implementation of generic parallel algorithms for Sparse Matrix and Graph Computations
- An open-source project maintained by NVIDIA
Research fellows: Nathan Bell et al.



Key elements

- Sparse Matrices
- Iterative Solvers
- Utilites

Build on top of Thrust Library:

- Raw pointers



Sparse Matrices

- Operates on the most common sparse formats (coo, csr, ell, dia, hyb)
- Transparent conversions between formats and copying from gpu to host and vice versa
- Support of 1D and 2D dense arrays
- Support for reading and writing MatrixMarket files
- Algorithms for multiplication and transposition



Iterative solvers

- State-of-art Krylov subspace methods are available (CG, GMRES, others)
- Monitors for determining convergence criteria (user can provide his own monitors)
- Preconditioners for improving the rate of convergence
- User-defined linear operators



Utilites

- Matrix generators
- Collection of level-1 sparse BLAS routines used by iterative solvers
- Basic support for printing matrix contents
- Matrix format verification



Availability

- Standalone codebase:

hg clone
<https://code.google.com/p/cusp-library/>
- Download page of the CUSP project

<http://code.google.com/p/cusp-library/downloads/list>



Example #1: Input/Output

```
#include <cusplio/matrix_market.h>
#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
#include <cusplio/coo_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/print.h>

int main(void)
{
    cusplio::array2d<float, cusplio::host_memory> A(3,4);
    A(0,0) = 10.0;  A(0,1) = 0.0;   A(0,2) = 20.0;  A(0,3) = 0.0;
    A(1,0) = 0.0;  A(1,1) = 30.0;  A(1,2) = 0.0;   A(1,3) = 40.0;
    A(2,0) = 50.0; A(2,1) = 60.0;  A(2,2) = 70.0;  A(2,3) = 80.0;

    cusplio::hyb_matrix<int, float, cusplio::host_memory> C = A;
    cusplio::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");

    cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");

    cusplio::print(B);

    return 0;
}
```




Example #1: Input/Output

```
#include <culp/io/matrix_market.h>
#include <culp/array2d.h>
#include <culp/coo_matrix.h>
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/print.h>
```

CUSP include files

```
int main(void)
{
    culp::array2d<float, culp::host_memory> A(3,4);
    A(0,0) = 10.0;  A(0,1) = 0.0;   A(0,2) = 20.0;  A(0,3) = 0.0;
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    A(2,0) = 50.0; A(2,1) = 60.0;  A(2,2) = 70.0;  A(2,3) = 80.0;
    culp::hyb_matrix<int, float, culp::host_memory> C = A;
    culp::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");
    culp::coo_matrix<int, float, culp::device_memory> B;
    culp::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
    culp::print(B);
    return 0;
}
```




Example #1: Input/Output

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#include <cusplio/matrix_market.h>
#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
#include <cusplio/coo_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/print.h>
```

```
int main(void)
{
```

```
    cusplio::array2d<float, cusplio::host_memory> A(3,4);
```

```
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```

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    A(1,0) = 0.0; A(1,1) = 30.0; A(1,2) = 0.0; A(1,3) = 40.0;
```

```
    A(2,0) = 50.0; A(2,1) = 60.0; A(2,2) = 70.0; A(2,3) = 80.0;
```

```
    cusplio::hyb_matrix<int, float, cusplio::host_memory> C = A;
```

```
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```

```
    cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
```

```
    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
```

```
    cusplio::print(B);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Create simple matrix



Example #1: Input/Output

```
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#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
#include <cusplio/coo_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/print.h>
```

```
int main(void)
{
```

```
    cusplio::array2d<float, cusplio::host_memory> A(3,4);
```

```
    A(0,0) = 10.0;  A(0,1) = 0.0;   A(0,2) = 20.0;  A(0,3) = 0.0;
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```

```
    cusplio::hyb_matrix<int, float, cusplio::host_memory> C = A;
```

```
    cusplio::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");
```

```
    cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
```

```
    cusplio::print(B);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Transparent matrix format conversions



Example #1: Input/Output

```
#include <cusplio/matrix_market.h>
#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
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#include <cusplio/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/print.h>

int main(void)
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    cusplio::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");
    cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
    cusplio::print(B);
    return 0;
}
```

Writing matrix to disk



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```
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#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
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    cusplio::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");
    cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
    cusplio::print(B);
    return 0;
}
```

Reading matrix from disc

cusplio::coo_matrix<int, float, cusplio::device_memory> B;
cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");



Example #1: Input/Output

```
#include <cusplio/matrix_market.h>
#include <cusplio/array2d.h>
#include <cusplio/coo_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <cusplio/print.h>
```

Printing the result to console

```
int main(void)
{
    cusplio::array2d<float, cusplio::host_memory> A(3,4);
    A(0,0) = 10.0;  A(0,1) = 0.0;  A(0,2) = 20.0;  A(0,3) = 0.0;
    A(1,0) = 0.0;  A(1,1) = 30.0;  A(1,2) = 0.0;  A(1,3) = 40.0;
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    cusplio::io::write_matrix_market_file(C, "A.mtx");
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    cusplio::io::read_matrix_market_file(B, "A.mtx");
    cusplio::print(B);
    return 0;
}
```




Example #1: Input/Output

```
[user@tesla-cmc cusp]$ nvcc matrix_market.cu -o  
matrix_market -I /opt/
```

```
[user@tesla-cmc cusp]$ ./matrix_market
```

```
sparse matrix <3, 4> with 8 entries
```

0	0	10
0	2	20
1	1	30
1	3	40
2	0	50
2	1	60
2	2	70
2	3	80



Example #2: GMRES Solver

```
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/gallery/poisson.h>
#include <culp/krylov/gmres.h>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
typedef float ValueType;

int main(void)
{
    culp::hyb_matrix<int, ValueType, MemorySpace> A;
    culp::gallery::poisson5pt(A, 10, 10);

    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> x(A.num_rows, ValueType(1));
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows);
    culp::multiply(A,x,b);

    thrust::fill( x.begin(), x.end(), ValueType(0) );

    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    int restart = 50;
    culp::krylov::gmres(A, x, b, restart, monitor);

    return 0;
}
```



Example #2: GMRES Solver

```
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/gallery/poisson.h>
#include <culp/krylov/gmres.h>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
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int main(void)
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    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows);
    culp::multiply(A, x, b);

    thrust::fill( x.begin(), x.end(), ValueType(0) );

    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    int restart = 50;
    culp::krylov::gmres(A, x, b, restart, monitor);

    return 0;
}
```

Defining correct rhs vector
for the solution to be
vector of ones





Example #2: GMRES Solver

```
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/gallery/poisson.h>
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typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
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int main(void)
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    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows);
    culp::multiply(A,x,b);
    thrust::fill( x.begin(), x.end(), ValueType(0) );
    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    int restart = 50;
    culp::krylov::gmres(A, x, b, restart, monitor);

    return 0;
}
```

Using thrust::fill to set initial guess



Example #2: GMRES Solver

```
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/gallery/poisson.h>
#include <culp/krylov/gmres.h>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
typedef float ValueType;

int main(void)
{
    culp::hyb_matrix<int, ValueType, MemorySpace> A;
    culp::gallery::poisson5pt(A, 10, 10);

    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> x(A.num_rows, ValueType(1));
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows);
    culp::multiply(A,x,b);

    thrust::fill( x.begin(), x.end(), ValueType(0) );
    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    int restart = 50;
    culp::krylov::gmres(A, x, b, restart, monitor);

    return 0;
}
```

Setting tolerance and maximum number of iterations



Example #2: GMRES Solver

```
#include <culp/hyb_matrix.h>
#include <culp/gallery/poisson.h>
#include <culp/krylov/gmres.h>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
typedef float ValueType;

int main(void)
{
    culp::hyb_matrix<int, ValueType, MemorySpace> A;
    culp::gallery::poisson5pt(A, 10, 10);

    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> x(A.num_rows, ValueType(1));
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows);
    culp::multiply(A,x,b);

    thrust::fill( x.begin(), x.end(), ValueType(0) );

    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    int restart = 50;
    culp::krylov::gmres(A, x, b, restart, monitor);
    return 0;
}
```

Solving the system



Example #3: Preconditioners

```
#include <culp/precond/diagonal.h>
#include <culp/krylov/cg.h>
#include <culp/csr_matrix.h>
#include <culp/io/matrix_market.h>
#include <iostream>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
typedef float ValueType;

int main(void)
{
    culp::csr_matrix<int, ValueType, MemorySpace> A;
    culp::io::read_matrix_market_file(A, "A.mtx");
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> x(A.num_rows, 0);
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows, 1);
    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    culp::precond::diagonal<ValueType, MemorySpace> M(A);
    culp::krylov::cg(A, x, b, monitor, M);

    return 0;
}
```



Example #3: Preconditioners

```
#include <culp/precond/diagonal.h>
#include <culp/krylov/cg.h>
#include <culp/csr_matrix.h>
#include <culp/io/matrix_market.h>
#include <iostream>

typedef culp::device_memory MemorySpace;
typedef float ValueType;

int main(void)
{
    culp::csr_matrix<int, ValueType, MemorySpace> A;
    culp::io::read_matrix_market_file(A, "A.mtx");
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> x(A.num_rows, 0);
    culp::array1d<ValueType, MemorySpace> b(A.num_rows, 1);
    culp::verbose_monitor<ValueType> monitor(b, 100, 1e-6);
    culp::precond::diagonal<ValueType, MemorySpace> M(A);
    culp::krylov::cg(A, x, b, monitor, M);
    return 0;
}
```

Defining preconditioner and passing it to CG method



Interop: CUDA -> Thrust, CUSP

- There's a way to avoid memory overhead when combining cuda kernels and cusp functions:

```
int *dX; cudaMalloc(&dX, 10 * sizeof(int));  
thrust::device_ptr<int> wrapped_dX(dX);  
cusp::array1d_view<thrust::device_ptr<int>>  
cusp_dX (wrapped_dX, wrapped_dX + 10);
```



[More examples – on google.code:](#)

- Algorithms
- Gallery
- Matrix formats
- Views
- Linear operator
- Matrix assembly